



American Community Survey

Population and Housing Narrative Profile 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Geography: Hawaii

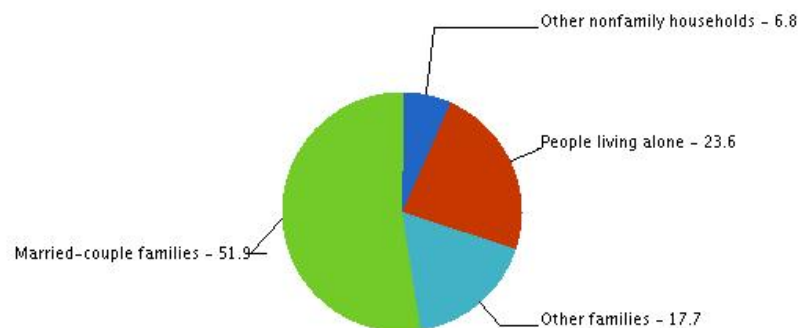
► Households and Families

In 2011-2015 there were 450,600 households in Hawaii. The average household size was 3 people.

Families made up 70 percent of the households in Hawaii. This figure includes both married-couple families (52 percent) and other families (18 percent). Of other families, 5 percent are female householder families with no husband present and own children under 18 years. Nonfamily households made up 30 percent of all households in Hawaii. Most of the nonfamily households were people living alone, but some were composed of people living in households in which no one was related to the householder.

In Hawaii, 33 percent of all households have one or more people under the age of 18; 33 percent of all households have one or more people 65 years and over.

Types of Households in Hawaii in 2011-2015



Among persons 15 and older, 51 percent of males and 49 percent of females are currently married.

Population 15 years and over	Males	Females
Never married	37.5	28.8
Now married, except separated	50.5	49.3
Separated	1.2	1.4
Widowed	2.5	10.0
Divorced	8.3	10.5

In Hawaii, 55,200 grandparents lived with their grandchildren under 18 years old. Of those grandparents, 23 percent of them had financial responsibility for their grandchildren.

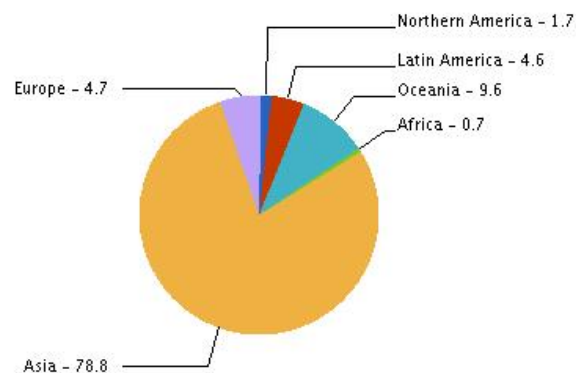
► Nativity and Foreign Born

An estimated 82 percent of the people living in Hawaii in 2011-2015 were native residents of the United States and 54 percent of these residents were living in the state in which they were born.

An estimated 18 percent of the people living in Hawaii in 2011-2015 were foreign born. Of the foreign born population, 57 percent were naturalized U.S. citizens, and 90 percent entered the country before the year 2010. An estimated 10 percent of the foreign born entered the country in 2010 or later.

Foreign born residents of Hawaii come from different parts of the world.

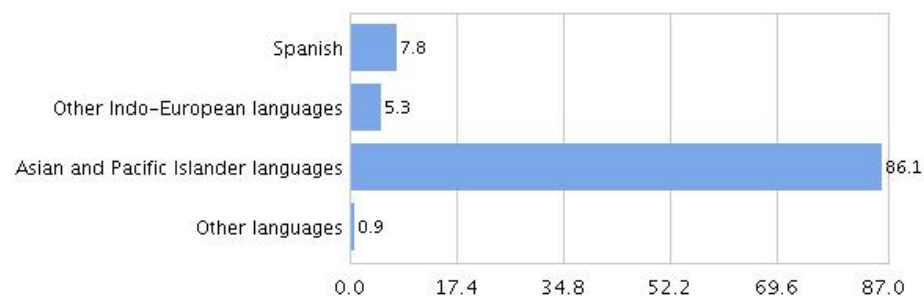
Region of Birth for the Foreign Born Population in Hawaii in 2011-2015



► Language

Among people at least five years old living in Hawaii in 2011-2015, 25 percent spoke a language other than English at home. Of those speaking a language other than English at home, 8 percent spoke Spanish and 92 percent spoke some other language; 49 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well."

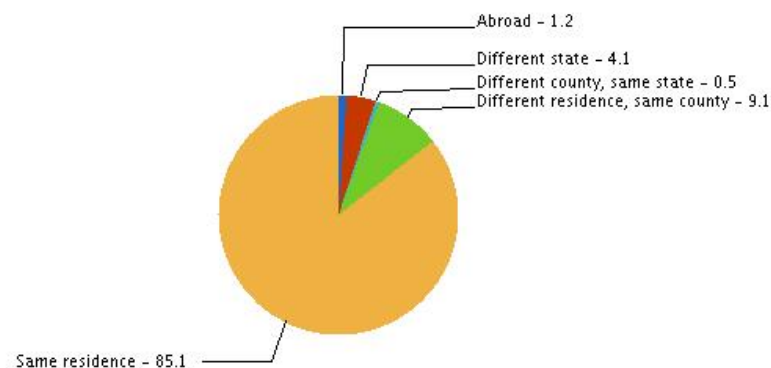
Percent of the Population 5 years and over who Speak a Language other than English in Hawaii in 2011-2015



► Geographic Mobility

In 2011-2015, 85 percent of the people at least one year old living in Hawaii were living in the same residence one year earlier.

Geographic Mobility of Residents of Hawaii in 2011-2015

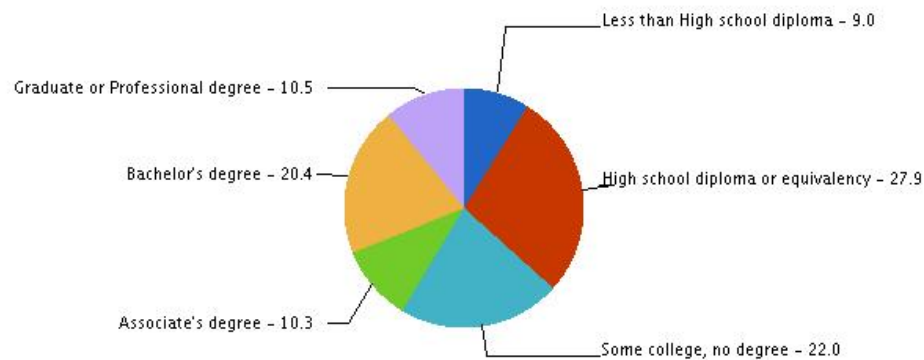


► Education

In 2011-2015, 91 percent of people 25 years and over had at least graduated from high school and 31 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. An estimated 9 percent did not complete high school.

The total school enrollment in Hawaii was 337,300 in 2011-2015. Nursery school and kindergarten enrollment was 38,400 and elementary or high school enrollment was 197,500 children. College or graduate school enrollment was 101,500.

Educational Attainment of People in Hawaii in 2011-2015



► Disability

In Hawaii, among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in 2011-2015, 11 percent reported a disability. The likelihood of having a disability varied by age - from 3 percent of people under 18 years old, to 8 percent of people 18 to 64 years old, and to 35 percent of those 65 and over.

► **Employment Status and Type of Employer**

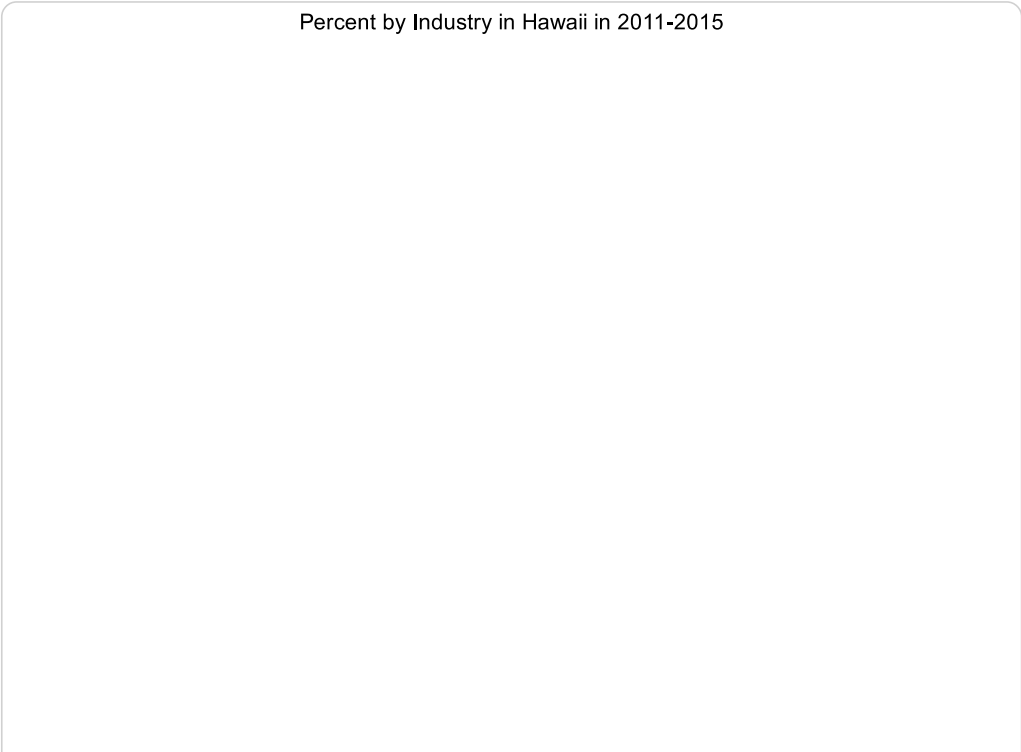
In Hawaii, 58 percent of the population 16 and over were employed; 35 percent were not currently in the labor force.

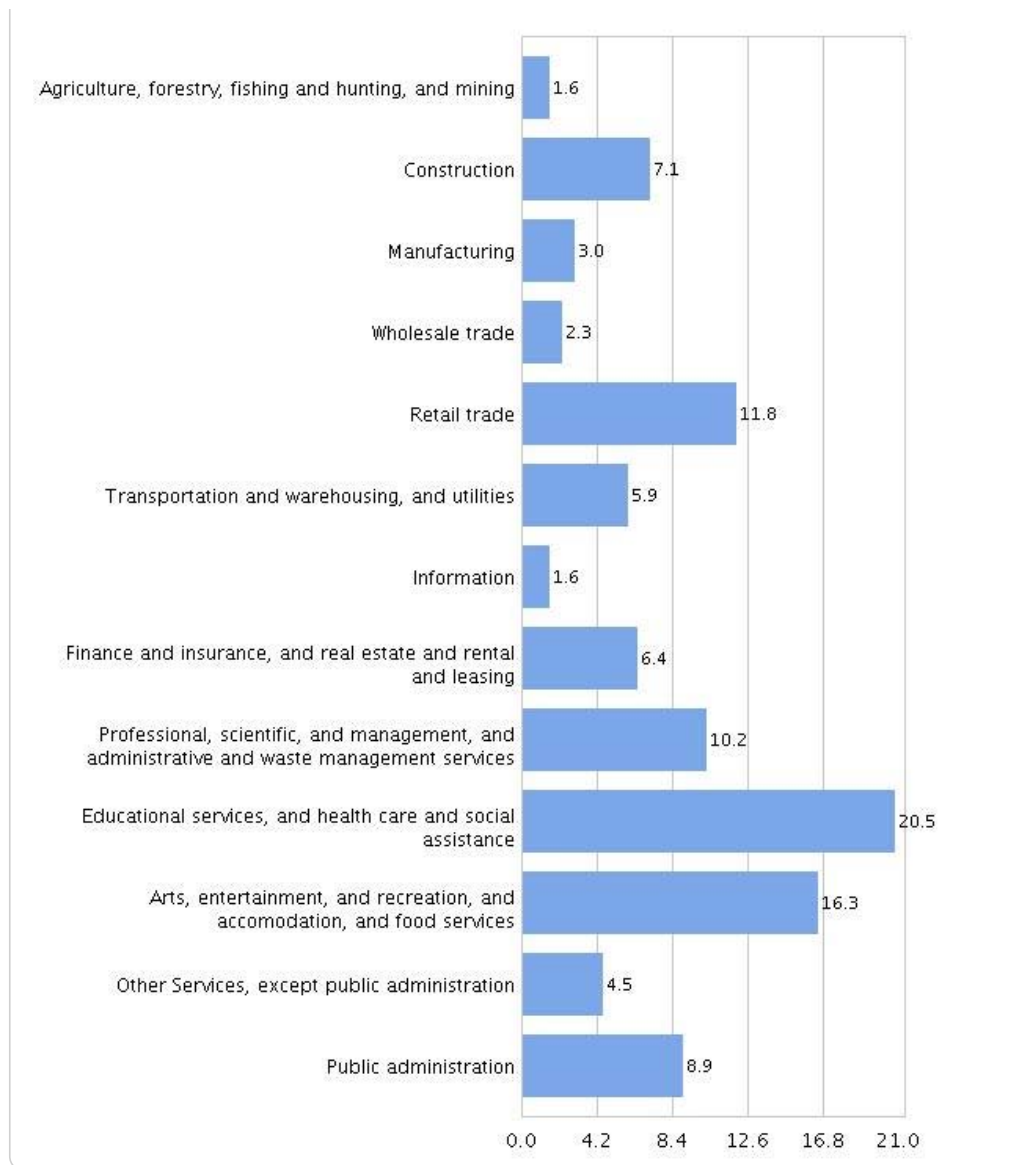
An estimated 72 percent of the people employed were private wage and salary workers; 21 percent were federal, state, or local government workers; and 7 percent were self-employed in their own (not incorporated) business.

Class of worker	Number	Percent
Private wage and salary workers	471,921	72.2
Federal, state, or local government workers	134,580	20.6
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	45,364	6.9

► **Industries**

In 2011-2015, the civilian employed population 16 years and older in Hawaii worked in the following industries:





► Occupations

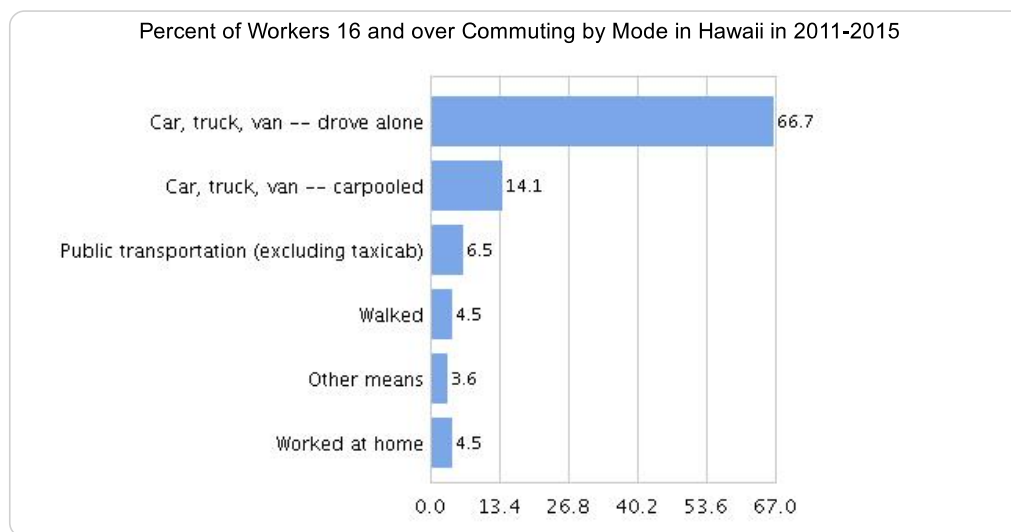
Occupations for the civilian employed population 16 years and over in Hawaii in 2011-2015:

Civilian employed population 16 years and over	Number	Percent
Management, business, sciences, and arts occupations	222,249	34.0
Service occupations	148,926	22.8

Sales and office occupations	161,728	24.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	63,689	9.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	56,692	8.7

► Commuting to Work

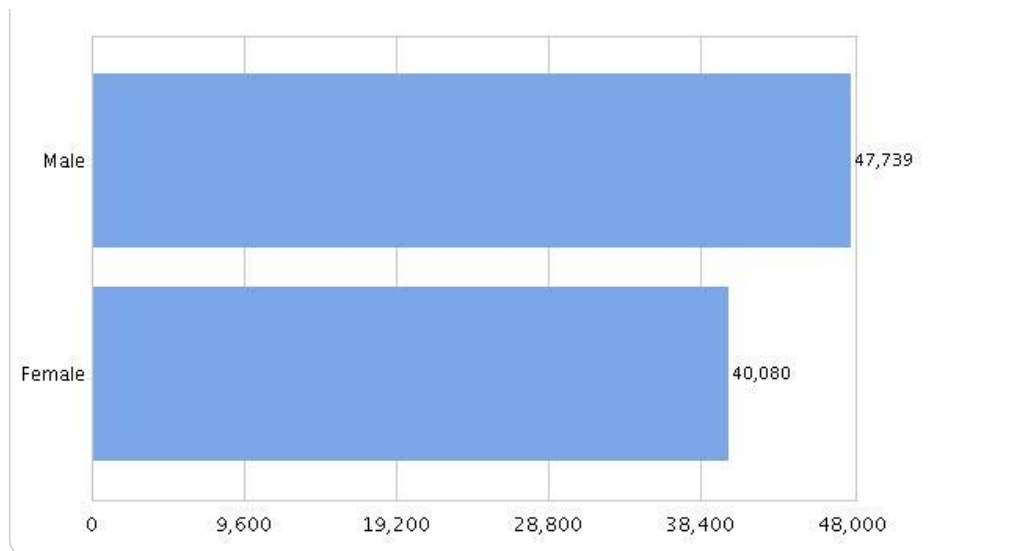
An estimated 67 percent of Hawaii workers drove to work alone in 2011-2015, and 14 percent carpooled. Among those who commuted to work, it took them on average 27 minutes to get to work.



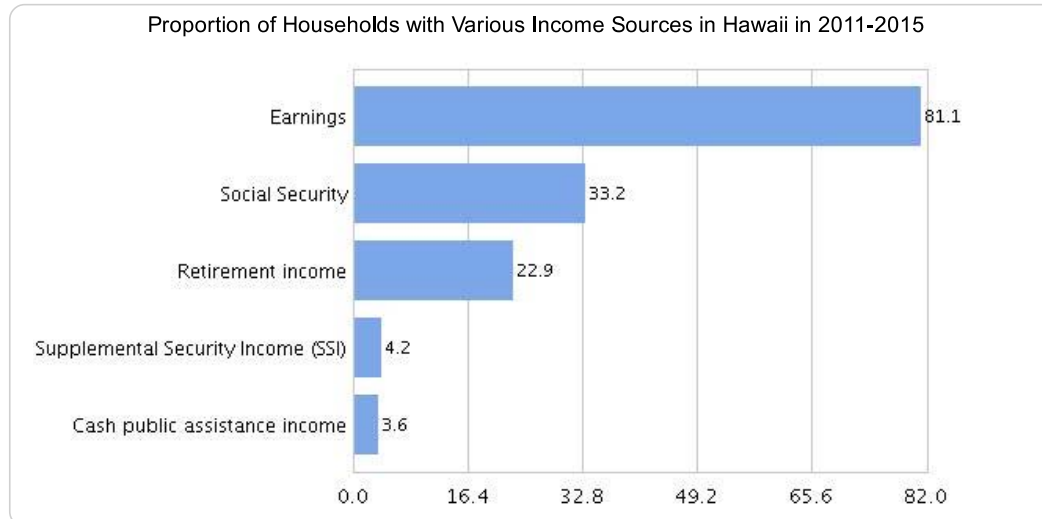
► Income

The median income of households in Hawaii was \$69,515. An estimated 9 percent of households had income below \$15,000 a year and 14 percent had income over \$150,000 or more.

Median Earnings for Full-Time Year-Round Workers by Sex in Hawaii in 2011-2015

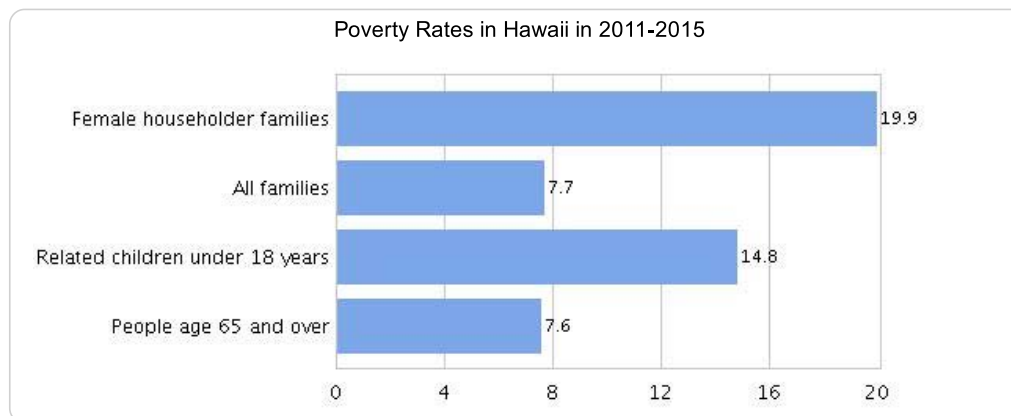


An estimated 81 percent of the households received earnings and 23 percent received retirement income other than Social Security. An estimated 33 percent of the households received Social Security. The average income from Social Security was \$18,277. These income sources are not mutually exclusive; that is, some households received income from more than one source.



► Poverty and Participation in Government Programs

In 2011-2015, 11 percent of people were in poverty. An estimated 15 percent of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 8 percent of people 65 years old and over. An estimated 8 percent of all families and 20 percent of families with a female householder and no husband present had incomes below the poverty level.

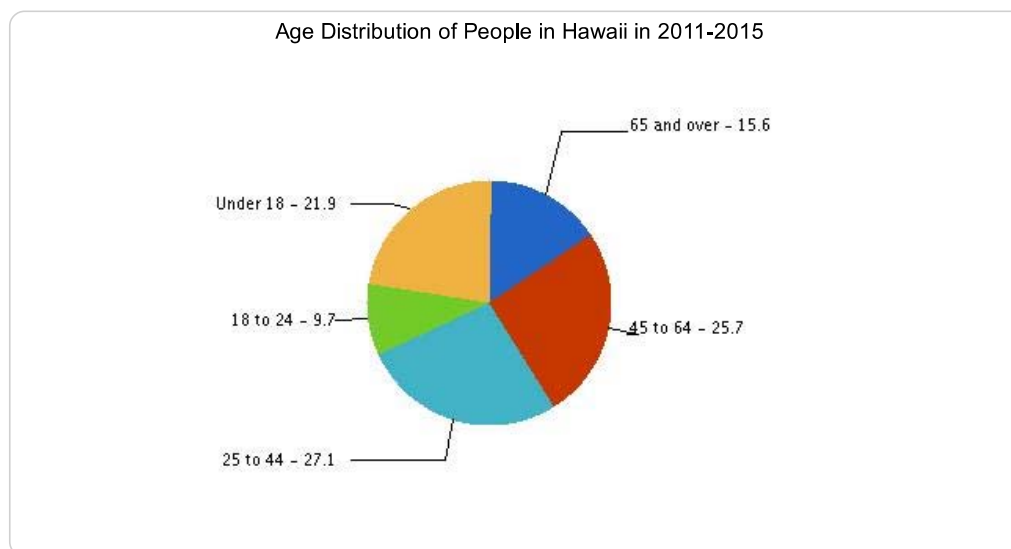


► Health Insurance

Among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in Hawaii in 2011-2015, 94 percent had health insurance coverage and 6 percent did not have health insurance coverage. For those under 18 years of age, 3 percent had no health insurance coverage. The civilian noninstitutionalized population had both private and public health insurance, with 76 percent having private coverage and 32 percent having public coverage.

► Population

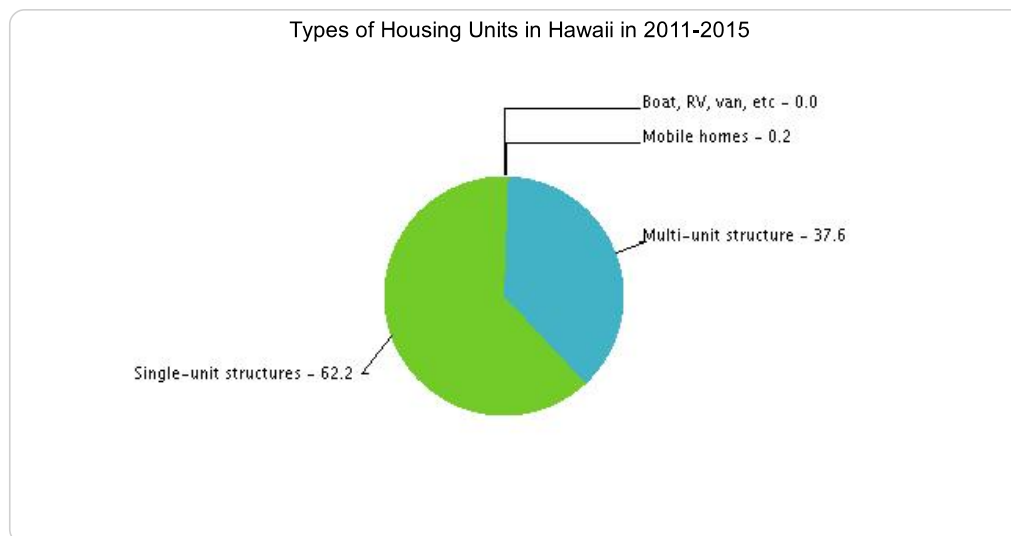
In 2011-2015, Hawaii has a total population of 1.4 million – 696,400 (50 percent) females and 709,900 (50 percent) males. The median age was 38 years. An estimated 22 percent of the population was under 18 years and 16 percent was 65 years and older.



For people reporting one race alone, 33 percent were White; 3 percent were Black or African American; less than 0.5 percent were American Indian and Alaska Native; 49 percent were Asian; 13 percent were Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and 1 percent were some other race. An estimated 24 percent reported two or more races. An estimated 10 percent of the people in Hawaii were Hispanic. An estimated 23 percent of the people in Hawaii were White non-Hispanic. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

► Housing Characteristics

In 2011-2015, Hawaii had a total of 527,400 housing units, 15 percent of which were vacant. Of the total housing units, 62 percent were in single-unit structures, 38 percent were in multi-unit structures, and less than 0.5 percent were mobile homes. An estimated 31 percent of the housing units were built since 1990.



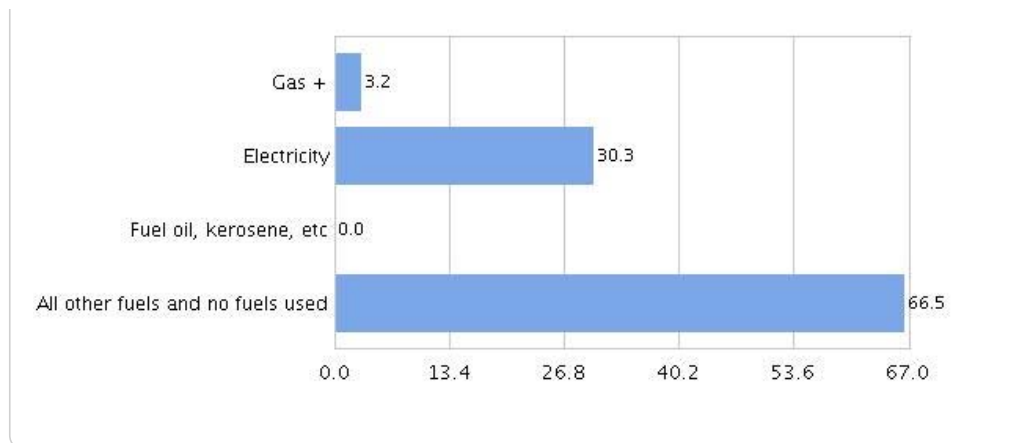
The median number of rooms in all housing units in Hawaii is 5. Of these housing units, 55 percent have three or more bedrooms.

► Occupied Housing Unit Characteristics

In 2011-2015, Hawaii had 450,600 occupied housing units - 256,400 (57 percent) owner occupied and 194,200 (43 percent) renter occupied. An estimated 63 percent of householders of these units had moved in since 2000. An estimated 67 percent of the owner occupied units had a mortgage. An estimated 2 percent of the households did not have telephone service. An estimated 9 percent had no vehicles available and another 21 percent had three or more.

Homes in Hawaii were heated in the following ways:

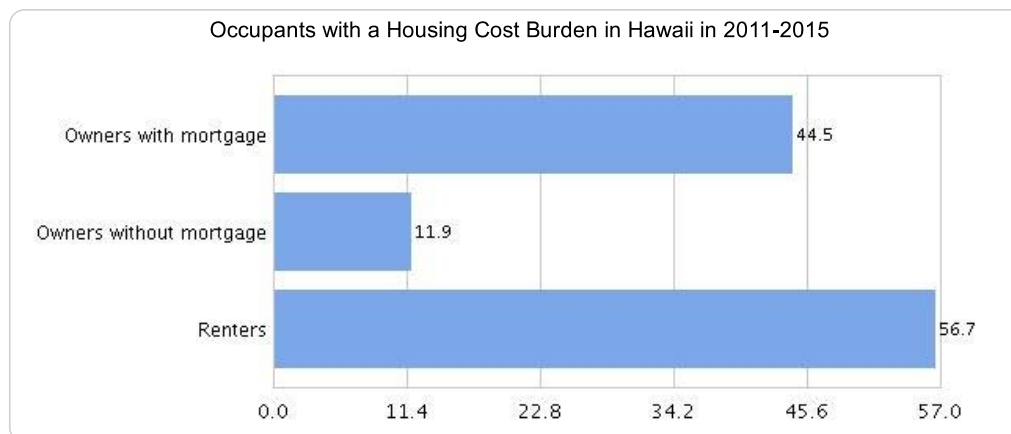
House heating fuel used in Hawaii in 2011-2015



+this category includes utility, bottled, tank, or LP gas

► Housing Costs

The median monthly housing costs for mortgaged owners was \$2,270, nonmortgaged owners \$505, and renters \$1,438. An estimated 44 percent of owners with mortgages, 12 percent of owners without mortgages, and 57 percent of renters in Hawaii spent 30 percent or more of household income on housing.



Explanation of Symbols:

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

While the ACS produces sample-based population group and housing estimates used in this report, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns, as well as estimates of housing units for states and counties. For more information see: www.census.gov/popest/

Note that for small geographic areas, the sample used for the Narrative Profile may be small as well. Users are encouraged to examine the detailed tables on [American FactFinder](#) that are associated with the Narrative Profile text. These tables provide additional information on sampling variability associated with the estimates in this report.